





BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL LAW SIG







By fostering free movement of companies throughout European territories, including by the adoption of the Cross-Border Mobility Directive 2019/2021 of 27 November 2019, EU law provides harmonised cross-border mobility mechanisms while enabling companies to exercise regulatory arbitrage on the national legislations of Member States in different fields of law such as company, insolvency, labour or tax law. Also, parliaments might be incited to improve national laws and reduce unnecessary obstacles enshrined in national codes. On the other hand, negative spill-overs on the level of stakeholder protection might be a risk. Therefore, a pressing question is whether we should aim for more mobility and possibly an increase of arbitrage opportunities for companies within the European internal market, enhancing the market for and of company laws, or whether particular rules are needed or can at least be justified on the grounds of further protecting particular interests.

Programme

11h00 - 11h30

Arrival of Participants

11h30 - 13h30

Introduction
Andra COTIGA & Walter
DORALT

PANEL 1 ON CROSS-BORDER MOBILITY MECHANISMS FOR COMPANIES WITHIN THE FU

Chair: Andra COTIGA

After a first stage characterised by the lack of action within the field, EU has put in place several mechanisms aimed at increasing cross-border mobility of companies. The first panel will assess the reasons that motivate the use of such mechanisms, as well as the concrete steps that a company has at its disposal in the EU today to cross a border within the EU.

KEY TOPICS INCLUDE:

11h30 - 12h10

Cross-Border Conversions of Companies

Anastasia SOTIROPOULOU

12h10 - 12h45

Cross-Border Mergers and

Thomas PAPADOPOULOS

12h45 - 13h30

The SE as a Cross-Border Mobility Mechanism: Still of Interest

Katrin DECKERT

13h30 - 14h30

Lunch Break

14h30 - 17h00

PANEL 2 ON REGULATORY ARBITRAGE AND STAKEHOLDERS PROTECTION

Chair: Nicolas RONTCHEVSKI

One of the critical effects of cross-border mobility mechanisms is to enable companies to exercise regulatory arbitrage between the national laws of the EU Member States. This may trigger negative spill-overs for stakeholder protection. Stakeholders' rights may be undermined as a result of a choice of less protective legislation. The second panel aims to provide an analysis of the types of regulatory arbitrage in different fields of law and the risks involved for the protection of stakeholders. One key aspect for companies in this context is to reduce transaction costs and more specifically capital costs. Therefore, this panel will also address the costs of debt finance for companies.

KEY TOPICS INCLUDE:

14h30 - 15h15

A general theory of the law of the corporate

debt

Felix STEFFEK

15h15 - 16h00

Regulatory Arbitrage and the Protection of

Stakeholders in Tax Law

Aikaterini PANTAZATOU

16h00 - 16h45

Regulatory Arbitrage and EU Law: Between

Permissible National Tax Restrictions and Forbidden National Tax Incentives in Favour of Foreign Acquisitions and Foreign

Establishments
Pierpaolo ROSSI

16h45 - 17h00

Regulatory Arbitrage and the Case for Letter

Box Companies and Dually Incorporated

Companies

Corrado MALBERTI

17h00 - 17h30

Concluding Remarks

Yuri BIONDI, Andra COTIGA,

Walter DORALT

17h30 - 18h30

SIG Meeting

19h30

Dinner (by Invitation Only)